Millville Fire Department

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RULES OF ENGAGEMENT (SOPs & SOGs) Edition: September 21, 2015

SOPs: SAFETY RULES FOR ENGAGEMENT, ZERO TOLERANCE, FOR ALL MEMBERS

- Establish and Follow Command Structure for Every Call
- 2. Safety Officer Established for Every Call
- 3. Establish Accountability at Every Call
- 4. Always wear appropriate PPE. When operating, Helmets Must be Worn
- 5. Drive to Arrive. Seat belts to be worn.
- 6. IC must perform a 360 on arrival.
- 7. SCBA required for every oxygen deficient environment. If in doubt, wear it.

SOGs: ALL MEMBER'S RULES OF ENGAGEMENT FOR FIREFIGHTER SURVIVAL

- 1. Size up your tactical area of operation
- 2. Determine the occupant survival profile
- 3. Do not risk your life for lives or property that cannot be saved
- 4. Extend limited risk to protect salable property
- 5. Extend vigilant and measured risk to protect and rescue salable lives
- 6. Go in together, stay together, come out together
- 7. Maintain continuous awareness of air supply, situation, location, and fore donations
- 8. Constantly monitor foreground communications for critical radio reports
- 9. You are required to report unsafe practices or conditions that can harm you. Stop, evaluate, and decide
- 10. You are required to abandon your position and tertiary before deteriorating conditions can harm you
- 11. Declare a mayday as soon as you think you are in danger

SOGs: THE INCIDENT COMMANDER'S RULES OF ENGAGEMENT FOR FIREFIGHTER SAFETY

- 1. Rapidly conduct or obtain, a 360 degree situational size up of the incident
- 2. Determine the occupant survival profile
- 3. Conduct an initial risk assessment and implement a safe action plan
- 4. If you do not have the resources to safely support and protect firefighters, seriously consider defensive strategy
- 5. Do not risk firefighter lives for lives or property that cannot be saved. seriously consider a defensive strategy.
- 6. Extend limited risk to salable property
- 7. Extend vigilant and measured risk to protect and rescue salable lives
- 8. Act upon reported unsafe practices and conditions that can harm firefighters. Stop, evaluate, and decide
- 9. Maintain frequent two-way communications, and keep interior crews informed of changing conditions.
- 10. Obtain frequent progress reports and revise the action plan.
- 11. Ensure accurate accountability of every firefighter's location and status
- 12. If after completing the primary search, little or no progress toward fire control has been achieved, seriously consider a defensive strategy
- 13. Always have rapid intervention team in place at all working fires
- 14. Always have firefighter rehab services in place at all working fires.